



EMN Ad-Hoc Query on Ad-Hoc Query on practices followed for entering the name or surname in the respective fields on the residence permits of a uniform format according to Regulation (EC) 1030/2002

Requested by Tsipa PANAGIOTA on 27th July 2017

Miscellaneous

Responses from Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, Norway (22 in total)

Disclaimer:

The following responses have been provided primarily for the purpose of information exchange among EMN NCPs in the framework of the EMN. The contributing EMN NCPs have provided, to the best of their knowledge, information that is up-to-date, objective and reliable. Note, however, that the information provided does not necessarily represent the official policy of an EMN NCPs' Member State.



Background information:




Migration authorities to which applications for residence permits are submitted often face difficulties on how to register name and surname of third-country nationals in the relevant information system and the residence permit in the format of the stand-alone document (e-Residence Permit). In particular, in various passports mainly issued by India or Pakistan or Bangladesh authorities, the field of the name or surname is blank and the full name of the passport holder is filled in the remaining field. For example, there are cases where the field for surname is blank and the field for the name registers either the full name of the holder, which may consist of two or more (different) names, or only one-word name (e.g. the name). As the information system does not allow at this stage fields of name or surname to remain blank, this is temporary solved, either by separating the name(s) - when consisted of two or more words – or by repeating the one-word name in the blank field. As long as the residence permit was in the form of a sticker affixed on the travel document, this procedure did not affect its reliability. Since, however, residence permits are in the form of a standalone document (E-Residence Permit) and in comparison to the passport, there is a risk to cause problems to its holder in the event of controls run either by national, or foreign police authorities, as far as the reliability of the document is concerned.





Questions




1. 1. Have you encountered cases where relevant fields on passports are blank (name or surname field);
2. 2. If yes, is it found in passports issued by specific countries?
3. 3. How do you practically resolve such cases?
4. 4. Is it possible to leave the name or surname field blank, both by technical and administrative practice point of view?




Responses


	Country	Wider Dissemination	Response
	Austria	No	
	Belgium	No	




	Bulgaria	Yes	<p>1. The names of the foreigners in the Bulgarian personal documents shall be written by order and number as written in the travel documents by which they have entered the Republic of Bulgaria. In the residence permits issued to foreigners in the Republic of Bulgaria, the names are written in one field, so have not a problem with blank fields in the foreign citizens' passports.</p> <p>2. N/A</p> <p>3. N/A</p> <p>4. N/A</p>
	Croatia	Yes	<p>1. No.</p> <p>2. N/A.</p> <p>3. N/A.</p> <p>4. N/A.</p>
	Czech Republic	Yes	<p>1. YES. As regards the residence permits for third-country nationals with biometric features, the only obligatory detail is “surname”, not the “first name”. If the foreign national has it in this way stated in his/her passport, then it is not a problem to keep it in this way. If for some reasons, he/she did not have a surname stated in his/her passport, but only first names, then we have to change it in the document, thus from a first name becomes a surname.</p> <p>2. Such cases happened for example in passports issued by India, Indonesia, Bangladesh, and Pakistan.</p> <p>3. See the answer 1.</p> <p>4. See the answer 1.</p>


	Estonia	Yes	<p>1. Yes.</p> <p>2. Yes, mostly India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Egypt.</p> <p>3. In cases were according to the Passport, foreigner does not have a name or surname, we insert a symbol “-“ in the field of that name on the residence permit card and also in our database. Our policy is to document the person’s name similarly to the national passport – in case we do not use a specific letter in the name, we have a under the Names Act a table of substitute letters to use.</p> <p>4. It is not possible to leave the name or surname field blank, but it is possible to insert “-“ instead of a name or surname, indicating that the name or surname doesn’t exist.</p>
	Finland	Yes	<p>1. Yes</p> <p>2. Apart from the mentioned countries (India, Pakistan and Bangladesh), Finland has also experienced the same with Indonesia.</p> <p>3. The names are entered into the system according to guidelines given by the Population Register Centre</p> <p>4. Yes, it is possible to leave one field blank. The Finnish Immigration Service enters the name as it is written in the passport of the person, i.e. leaving either the name or surname field blank.</p>
	France	No	
	Germany	Yes	<p>1. Yes.</p> <p>2. This is known from passports for stateless persons of the State of Kuwait.</p> <p>3. The name of the passport registered in the machine-readable zone of the passport is transferred to the machine-readable zone of the electronic residence permit (eAT). If the foreigner according</p>


			<p>to his passport has only one name (without distinction between first and last name) , this name is entered in the field "Name" in the eAT.</p> <p>4. In the case described in the answer to question 3, the "first name" field is provided with three horizontal lines in the eAT(- - -).</p>
	Hungary	Yes	<p>1. Yes, we have.</p> <p>2. Yes, we experience this issue related to passports mainly issued by India.</p> <p>3. We repeat the one-word name in the blank field, or separate the names according to the machine-readable zone of the passport or according to the completed application form. If it is needed we ask the client to declare their surname.</p> <p>4. No, it is not.</p>
	Latvia	Yes	<p>1. Yes, we have.</p> <p>2. Yes, from India and Pakistan.</p> <p>3. In databases it is not possible to leave blank place for name or surname, but technically it is foreseen to put a sign "-" in it. But on a residence permits (ID cards) it is blank place (without a sing "-") as it is in foreigner's passport. From administrative point of view there are no specific problems.</p> <p>4. See answer on question 3.</p>
	Lithuania	Yes	<p>1. Yes.</p> <p>2. There were cases of blank relevant fields in travel documents of Indian citizens.</p>

			<p>3. It is mandatory to present a travel document with the relevant fields filled. Therefore, the third-country national has to change his/hers travel document to the document with the relevant fields filled.</p> <p>4. No.</p>
	Luxembourg	Yes	<p>1. Yes.</p> <p>2. It is found in passports issued by India.</p> <p>3. In our national personal register (RNPP) system the surname field is filled and the name field remains blank even if in the passport the name field is filled.</p> <p>4. See answer to question 3. Filling in the surname field remains the only option.</p>
	Netherlands	Yes	<p>1. Yes</p> <p>2. Several nationalities, including India, Pakistan and Bangladesh</p> <p>3. Good identity investigation, including an interview. Often, nationality statements have to be filled in as well.</p> <p>4. No, the Identification and Labelling Protocol does not allow this and a registration cannot be completed (all fields have to be filled in order for the system to issue a v-number).</p>
	Poland	Yes	<p>1. Yes. It should be noted as a preliminary point that in Poland, temporary residence permit is issued at the voivodship office in the division responsible for foreigners competent for the place of residence of the foreigner. There are 16 voivodship offices in Poland. In most voivodship offices there were cases where the fields in the passport were blank (name or surname). At the same time, it should be pointed out that there are cases of passports of citizens of India, Vietnam,</p>

			<p>Malaysia, Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Libya in which only the field “full name” or “name” are completed.</p> <p>2. Yes, mostly India, Saudi Arabia, Bangladesh, Egypt, Vietnam</p> <p>3. Cases which are conducted in IT system POBYT v.2 enable to register the application of people without name or without a surname and issue a residence card where the surname or name field is blank. In that case officials insert “unkn.” instead of a name or surname. The authorities have not reported any problems, neither administratively nor technically, in issuing residence cards to such foreigners.</p> <p>4. See answer to the question 3.</p>
	Portugal	Yes	<p>1. Yes. There are situations where the full name of the passport holder is just one name.</p> <p>2. Mainly, in the Pakistan passports.</p> <p>3. Due to the obligation of insert at least one name and one surname, the procedure is to repeat the name in both fields.</p> <p>4. No. The system does not allow such blank fields.</p>
	Slovak Republic	Yes	<p>1. Yes.</p> <p>2. Yes, as stated in the background, the Slovak Republic has also such experience especially as regards Indian and Bangladeshi passports. However, it is not thoroughly monitored which countries it concerns.</p> <p>3. If there is one field blank e.g. name, we put in the blank field in the residence system and also when issuing the residence document the same name as stated in the filled field. E.g. Name: Singh Duritu Surname: Singh Duritu</p>

			4. No, it is not possible.
	Slovenia	Yes	<p>1. We have notices few cases of blank fields in some Indian passports. In some cases name or surname fields were blank.</p> <p>2. See above</p> <p>3. We deem such passports valid. Such passports are subject of thorough checks. No special measures apply.</p> <p>4. Our information system currently allows these fields to remain blank in case of residence permit.</p>
	Spain	Yes	<p>1. Yes</p> <p>2. We encounter this problem with several countries, such as those mentioned above, but also Arab countries.</p> <p>3. Sometimes a separation between name and surname can be found in the MRZ. If not, all words are included as name and the field for surname is left blank.</p> <p>4. Yes (the surname field).</p>
	Sweden	Yes	<p>1. Yes, it can happen occasionally that passports only having first name is encountered.</p> <p>2. In the cases mentioned the issuing country was India.</p> <p>3. If the person is registered in the Swedish population registry it is the information there that is valid. If the person is not registered in the population registry the normal procedure is to enter the name as both first name and surname.</p>

			<p>4. In the central foreigners database of the Swedish Migration Agency the first name or surname fields can NOT be blank. As a consequence of this something must be entered in the fields for both first name and surname when it comes to proof of residence permit and visa.</p>
	<p>United Kingdom</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>1. Yes. We have encountered cases where there is only a single given name and no family name, or only family names and no given names.</p> <p>2. It is certainly more common with some nationalities than others. The Indian, Pakistan and Bangladesh authorities that you mention are among those that we see most commonly only giving single names. However, we have also noted this in Indonesia. In Myanmar, Singapore, Brunei and Malaysia we have seen all names designated as given names (no family name indicated). In Indonesia, they sometimes designate everything as a family name. In addition to this, where someone who was Indian at birth and was only known by their given name, then acquires another nationality, you may see a single name appearing in the new nationality's passport. This list is not comprehensive, but is what we have that is easily retrieved.</p> <p>3. We do not use Schengen systems, so have different constraints, but this is our method: A single given name is entered into the family name field. We do not repeat single given names. Multiple given names and no family name are entered into the family name field Multiple family names and no given name are entered into the family name field.</p> <p>4. Again, as we use our own systems, this may not be possible for all. The e- residence permit only has a single name field; it designates the family name by putting it first. Therefore whether the name is actually a single given name, just family names or just given names, it will appear correctly, if it is entered into the production system in the same order that it appears in the passport. The bigger problem is usually the IT system used to produce the e-residence permit. This may require a minimum of both a family name and a given name to be entered, which then causes problems in the order in which the names appear on the e-residence permit. If the holder only has a single given name, there may be a need for a filler word to be put into a mandatory family name field. We have had problems with this in the past, and the solution that we have</p>

			found is to make one or both name fields optional rather than mandatory in our feeder systems. This has been implemented as new IT systems have been introduced.
	Norway	Yes	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. No, this problem seems to be virtually unknown.2. See rely above3. See reply to 1.4. See the reply to 1.